

INSIGHTS INTO WAVEFORM PORTABILITY ISSUES OF FM3TR WAVEFORM

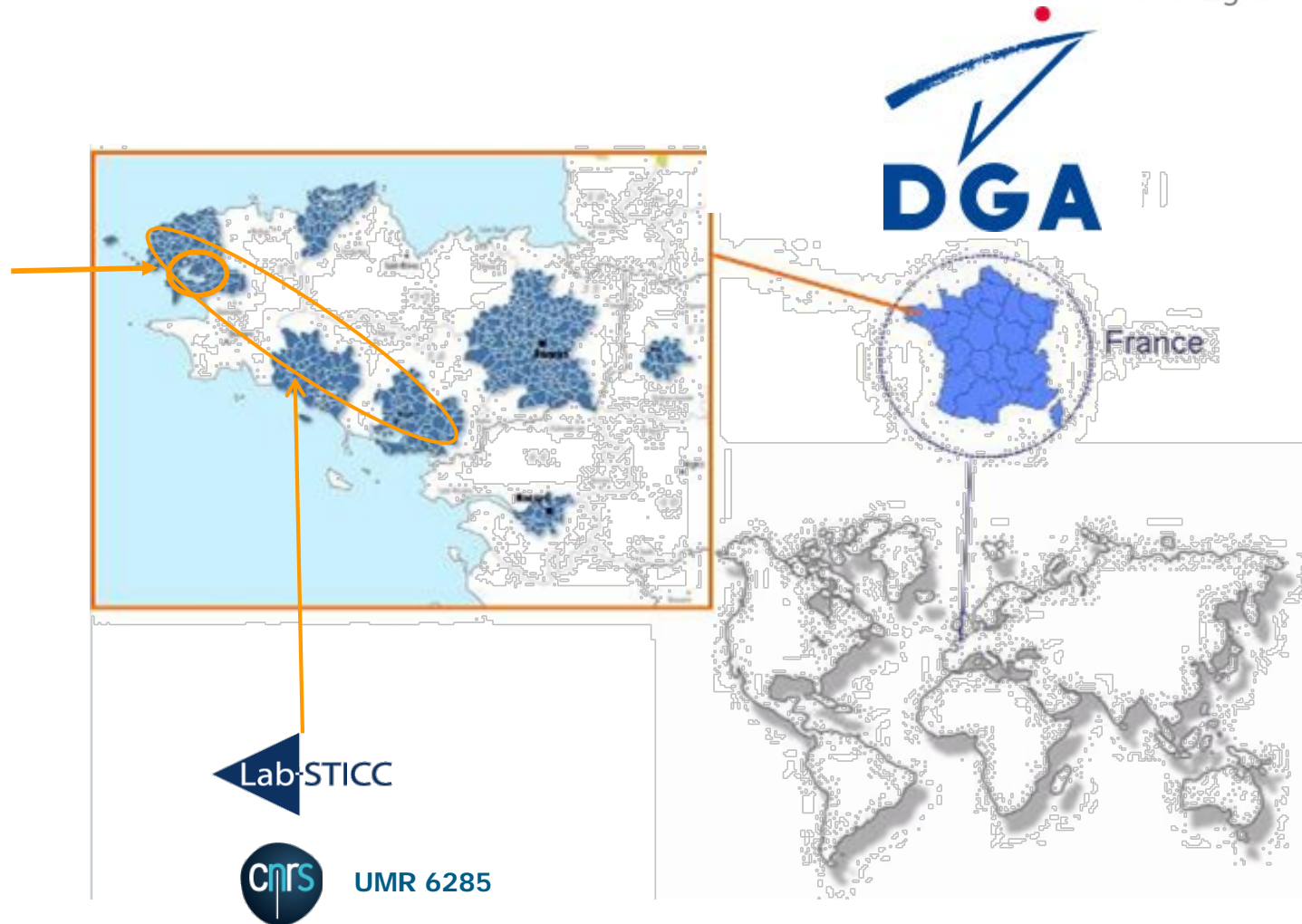
Frédéric Le Roy, ENSTA Bretagne

Lahatra Rakotondrainibe, ENSTA Bretagne

Jean-Philippe Delahaye, DGA MI

Ali Mansour, ENSTA Bretagne

At the westernmost tip of the European continent, open to the world



AGENDA

- PORTABILITY CONCERNS IN SDR
- SCA COMPONENT GENERATION
- FM3TR WF ON TWO PLATFORMS
- OBSERVED PORTING LIMITS

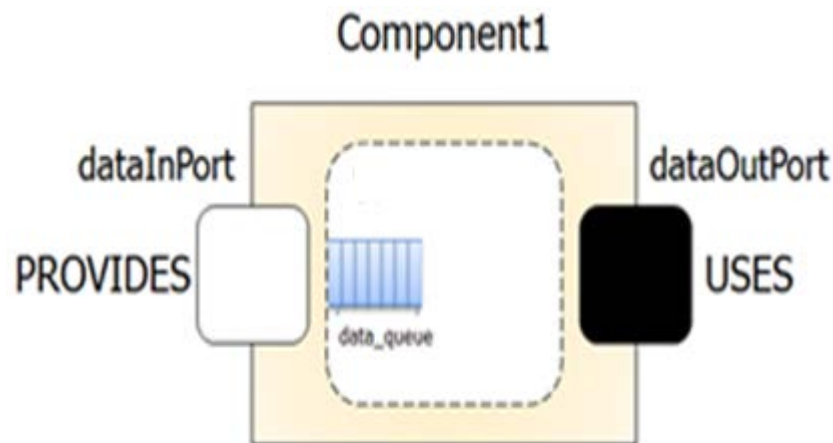
- SCA Hot topic
 - “Wireless Innovation Forum Top 10 Most Wanted Wireless Innovations”
 - JTRS NED, “Waveform Portability Guidelines V1.2.1”.
- Multi-aspect problem
 - Variety of resources used by SCA nodes (very high heterogeneity)
 - GPP, DSP, FPGA, NoC, MPSoc, ...
 - Middleware used for WF deployment
 - RT management

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- **SCA COMPONENT GENERATION**
- FM3TR WF ON TWO PLATFORMS
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SCA COMPONENT GENERATION

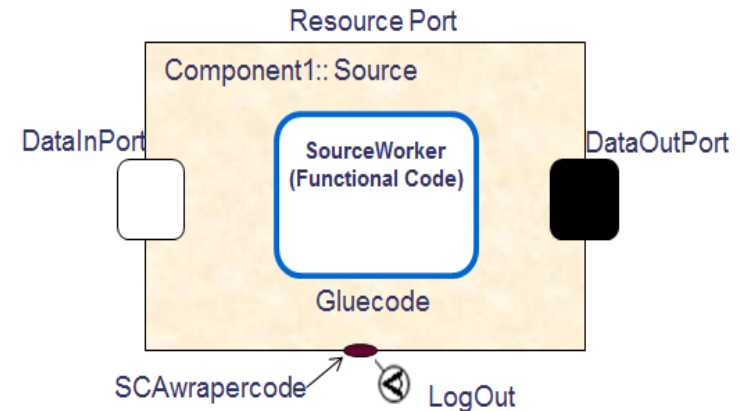
- Example of code generation
 - OSSIE



```
Component1_i::Component1_i(const char *uuid, omni_condition *condition) :  
    Resource_impl(uuid), component_running(condition)  
{  
    dataIn_0 = new standardInterfaces_i::complexShort_p("dataInPort");  
    dataOut_0 = new standardInterfaces_i::complexShort_u("dataOutPort");  
    start();  
}
```

SCA COMPONENT GENERATION

- Example of code generation
 - Zeligsoft CE



```
zceComponent1Servant::zceComponent1Servant( const CORBA::ORB_ptr& orb, const sink_params& execParams ZCE_EXC_ENV_ARG)
{

    ZCE_ASSERT_EXCEPTION_VOID;
    orb_ = CORBA::ORB::_duplicate(orb);

    params_ = execParams;

    state_ = UNINITIALIZED;

    worker_ = new zcesComponent1Worker(execParams ZCE_EXC_ENV_PARAM );
    in_dataInPort = new zceSimpleOctetPacketSinkProvidesPort("dataInPort", SINK_DATAIN, worker_ ZCE_EXC_ENV_PARAM );
    out_dataOut = new zceSimpleOctetPacketSinkUsesPort("dataOutPort" ZCE_EXC_ENV_PARAM );

}
```

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FM3TR WF ON TWO PLATFORMS

- FM3TR traffic
 - 16 kbps voice traffic, compatible with STANAG 4209 and 4380
 - Instant Text Messaging (ITM)
 - A text message shall not exceed 48180 bytes
- FM3TR specifications
 - DLC (Data Link Control) layer
 - MAC (Medium Access Control) layer
 - PHY (Physical) layer

FM3TR WF ON TWO PLATFORMS

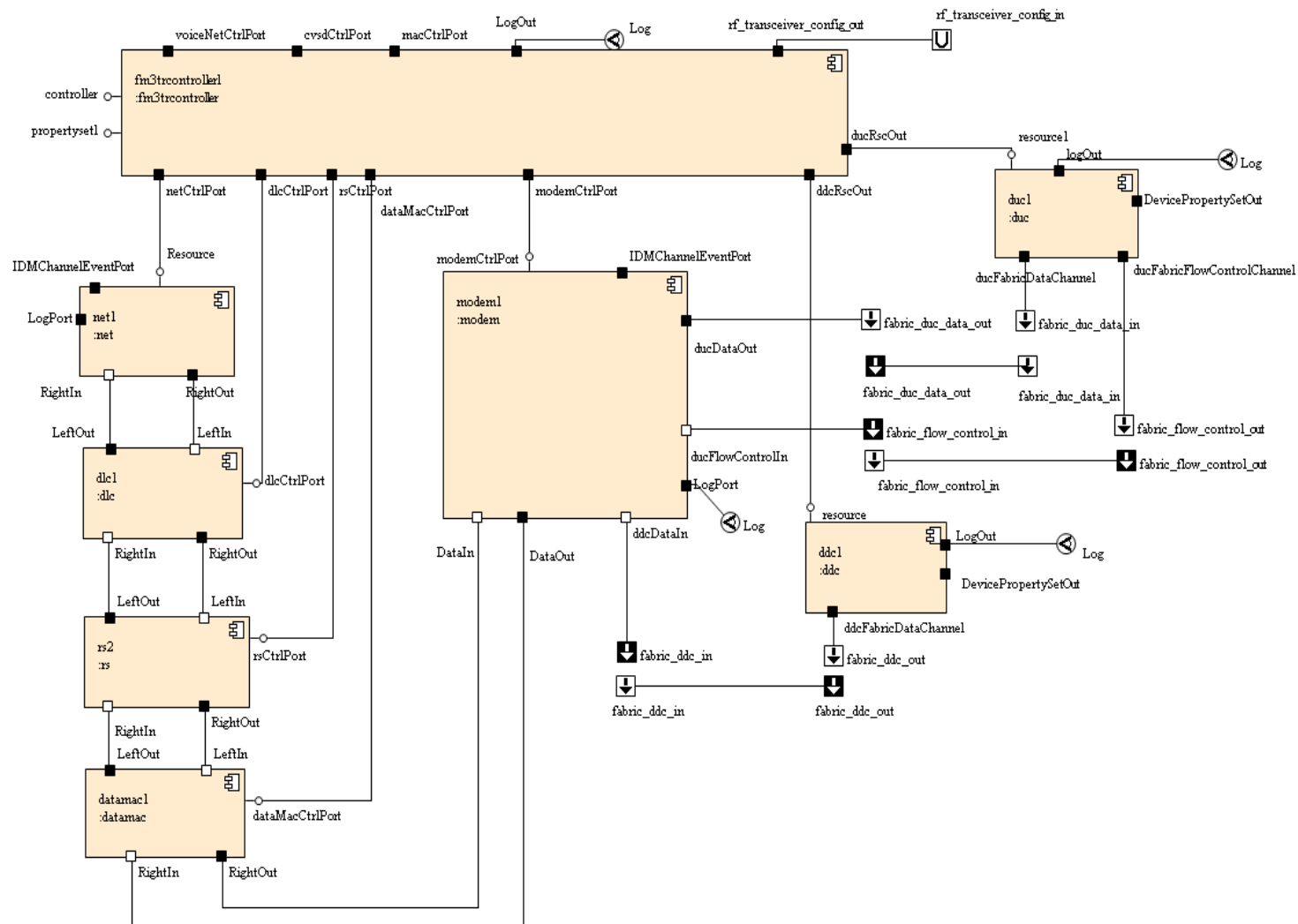
- FM3TR specifications
 - DLC (Data Link Control) :
 - Point-to-Point Protocol (PPP)
 - MAC (Medium Access Control)
 - *persistent* Carrier Sense Multiple Access (*p*CSMA)
 - PHY (Physical)
 - Frequency Range : 30-400 MHz (TW1), 225-400 MHz (TW2)
 - Channel spacing : 25 kHz
 - Frequency accuracy : 10^{-6}
 - Modulation type : MSK
 - Hop rate, sets and timings : 250 h/s ... 2083.3 h/s
 - Synchronization, Channel Coding

FM3TR WF ON TWO PLATFORMS

- Software architectures (Calit2 sources)
 - Host application
 - Connect and exchange ITM / Voice with “SCA Net Device”
 - CORBA component
 - Data Link Control (DLC) connexion, ARQ
 - Channel coding, RS (Reed Solomon)
 - Medium Access Control (MAC)
 - Net and Modem devices
 - Non-CORBA component (DSP)
 - DSP base band part (MHAL exchange, synchronization, ...)
 - FPGA intermediate frequency part (frequency hopping and ADC/DAC management, ...)

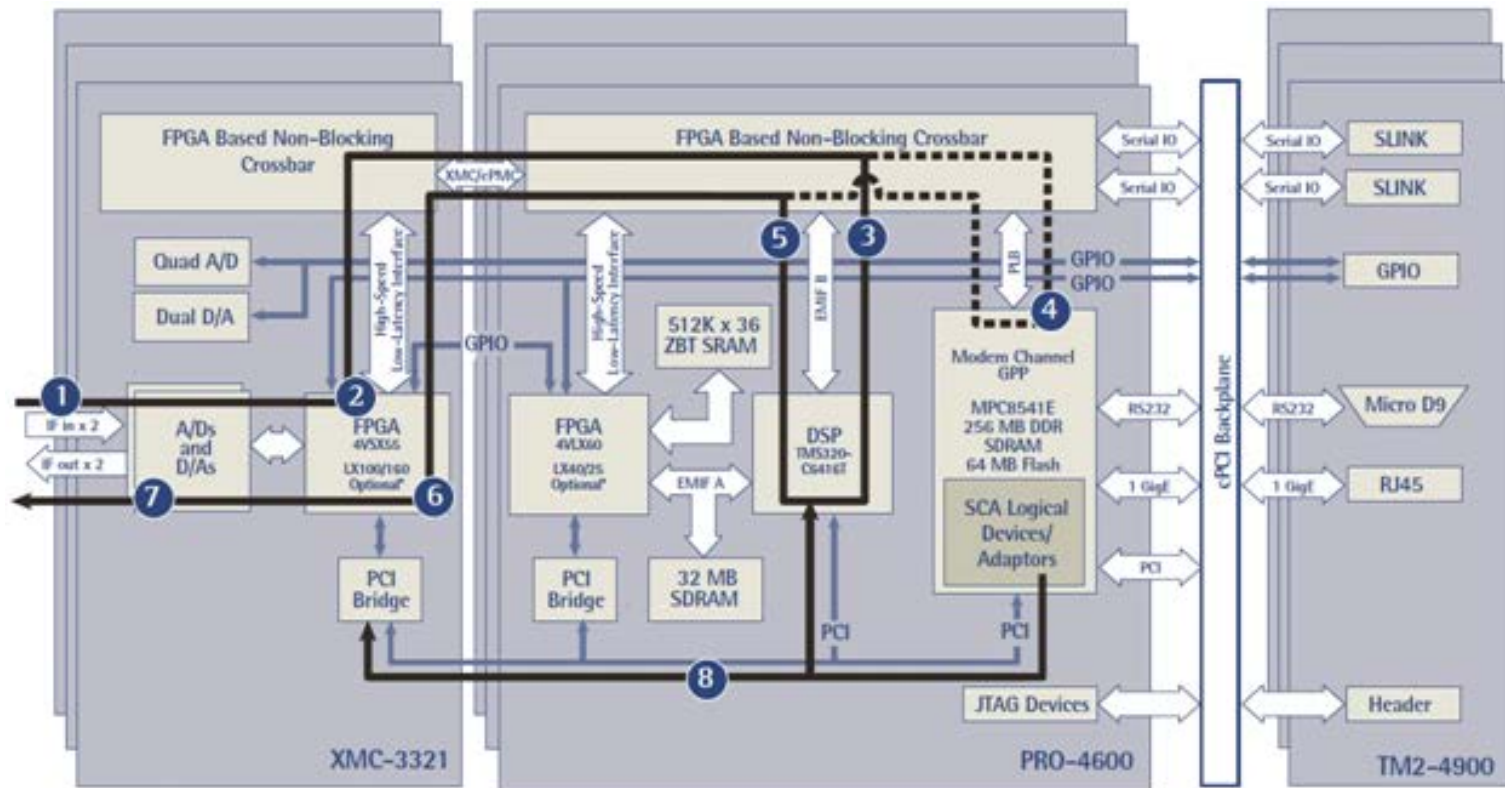
FM3TR WF ON TWO PLATFORMS

- Target waveform SDR-3002



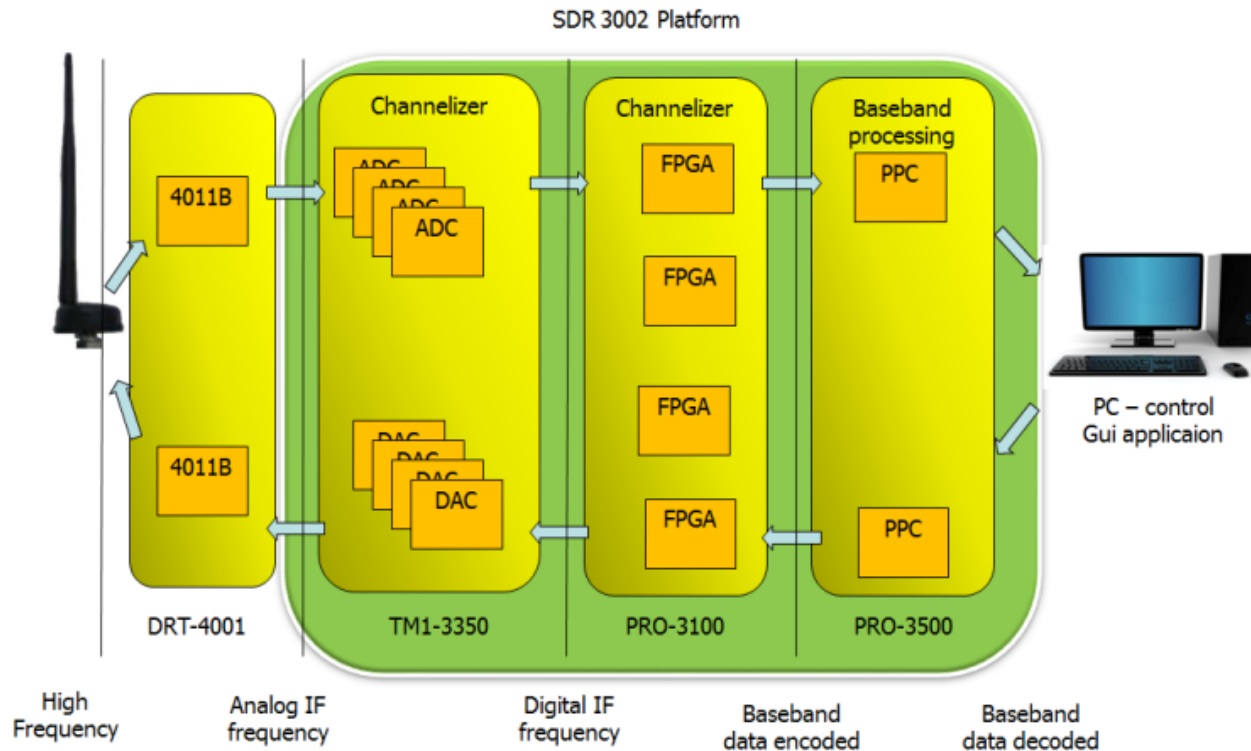
FM3TR WF ON TWO PLATFORMS

- Platform architectures
 - Source platform : SDR-4000



FM3TR WF ON TWO PLATFORMS

- Platform architectures
 - Target platform : based on SDR 3002



FM3TR WF ON TWO PLATFORMS

- Mapping and results

<i>Component</i>	<i>card</i>	<i>Target Circuit</i>	<i>OS</i>
cvsd	PRO3500, EPMC8310	P0, PPC7410	VxWork
datamac	PRO3500, EPMC8310	P0, PPC7410	VxWork
fm3trcontroller	SBC	Pentium	Windows
mac	PRO3500, EPMC8310	P0, PPC7410	VxWork
nspr842_duc	PRO3100	XC2V3000 Virtex-II, SAND 0	VxWork
nspr842_ddc	PRO3100	XC2V3000 Virtex-II, SANN 3	VxWork
rs	PRO3500, EPMC8310	P0, PPC7410	VxWork
net	SBC	Pentium	Windows
voiceNet	SBC	Pentium	Windows
modem_device	PRO3500, EPMC8310	P0, PPC7410	VxWork

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- Development tool limitations
 - Component interface

```
interface IoPacket {
    Oneway void pushPacket
    (in CF:OctetSequence Payload);};

-----

interface SimpleOctetPacketSink {
    void pushPacket
    (in NullControl unusedControl,
    in CF:OctetSequence Payload)
    raises (PushPacketFailure);};

-----

interface OctetStream : PayloadStatus {
    void pushPacket
    (in StreamControlType control,
    in JTRS::OctetSequence payload)
    raises( UnableToComplete );};
```

OBSERVED PORTING LIMITS

- Development tool limitations
 - SCA component generation process
 - Client / Server Development
 - Component-Based Software Development

OBSERVED PORTING LIMITS

- CORBA and MOC limitations
 - CORBA messaging
 - “one-way” : the client thread used to make the invocation is blocked until the return message is delivered.
 - SYNC_NONE, SYNC_WITH_TRANSPORT, SYNC_WITH_SERVER, SYNC_WITH_TARGET
 - “two-way”: the execution thread of the client resumes before the member function is invoked on the server side.
 - OS
 - dmtkThread vs pthread

OBSERVED PORTING LIMITS

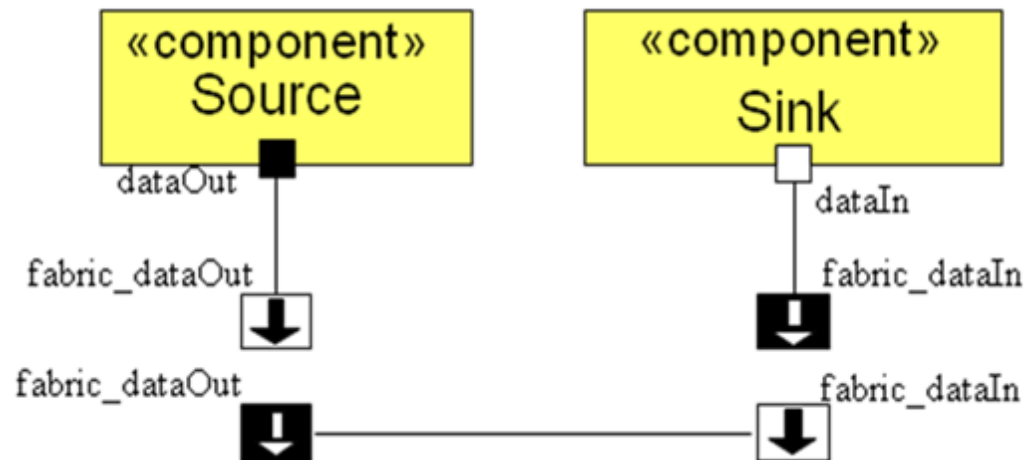
- Illustration

```
/*-----BEGIN CALIT ORIGINAL CODE-----  
pthread_t tx_thread;  
static void* tx_task(void* data);  
deque<PortTypes::ShortSequence_var> _tx_queue;  
pthread_mutex_t _tx_queue_lock;  
sem_t *_tx_sem1;  
sem_t *_tx_sem2;  
unsigned int _ack_recvd;  
int _retry_interval;  
int _retry_max;  
unsigned char _address;  
unsigned char _sequence;  
unsigned char _neigh_seqs[256];  
int _state;  
Boolean _started;  
-----END CALIT ORIGINAL CODE-----*/
```

```
dmTkThread *pStartThread_;  
static void zcedlcWorker::dlc_task( void* thisPtr );  
void zcedlcWorker::tx_task(void);  
deque<PortTypes::ShortSequence_var> _tx_queue;  
  
SEM_ID Lock_;// DMTK_OS_VXWORKS  
  
sem_t *tx_sem1_;  
sem_t *tx_sem2_;  
unsigned int ack_recvd_;  
int retry_interval_;  
int retry_max_;  
unsigned char address_;  
unsigned char sequence_;  
unsigned char neigh_seqs_[256];  
int state_;  
CORBA::Boolean started_;  
int destroyed_;  
  
CORBA::UShort numretrans_;  
CORBA::UShort radioid_;  
CORBA::UShort retransintvl_;
```

OBSERVED PORTING LIMITS

- Platform limitations



- Specific parameters injected in WF model by Modeling tools and platforms specific capabilities.

CONCLUSION

- Our experiment conclusion
 - Even though the two platforms are quite similar, the portability of the code is not an easy task to do (SDR3-002 vs. SDR-4000)
 - Code portability depend on :
 - Middleware configuration
 - SCA component generation (SCA development tools).
 - OS
 - Fast link interconnection use

CONCLUSION

- How to enhance waveform portability
 - A WF must be defined at multiples levels : ESSOR, MDE
 - “Base” waveform can be simulated (PIM)
 - At multiple abstract levels (UML Modeler/Simulator, Opnet, Simulink)
 - “Target” Waveform is deployed on SCA platform (PSM)
 - FM3TR Physical layer involves FPGA and DSP
 - » Devices are difficult to test !
 - Multi-facet problem : standards API
 - Waveform developers
 - Device and platform developers
 - Framework developers

CONCLUSION

- How to enhance waveform portability
 - Use SCA development tools with full support of SCA requirements
 - Device mustn't be recoded by the WF developer
 - Ex : recoding a NET device that doesn't support TCP !
 - Golden code should be :
 - located in a worker class
 - generated from “Base” component and SCA component Meta-model (from SCA component generator tool).
 - Open SCA Meta-model and M2M transformation.

THANK YOU !

Question ?

- What can SCA 4.1 do better ?
 - Where are most important portability difficulties ?
 - In physical layers on DSP and FPGA target
 - SCA 4.1 gives partial solutions with Lw AEP
 - ESSOR offers response for DSP and FPGA